From  
**\$20,845** CADSingle Room  
\$24,291 CADTwin Room  
\$20,845 CADPrices valid until  
30th December 2024**31 days**

Duration

**Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan**

Destination

**Level 3 - Moderate to  
Challenging**

Activity

# Travel on the Silk Road of Central Asia | Small Group Tour for Seniors

May 05 2025 to Jun 04 2025

## Central Asia Silk Road Small Group Tour

Odyssey Traveller's 31-day fully escorted small group Silk Road tours for seniors take you on a journey across the Eurasian steppe, tracing the ancient trade routes collectively known as the Silk Road. This guided small group tour is for couples and solo travellers, it follows the Silk road across Kazakhstan Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan. Some Silk



Travel on the Silk Road of Central Asia | Small Group Tour for Seniors

<https://www.odysseytraveller.com>

19-Sep-2024

road travel tours only offer the China Silk road tour, this is not one of them.

The ancient Silk Road facilitated a two-way exchange of goods and ideas and led to the prosperity of cities supplying the routes' ports and markets of trade. The UNESCO World heritage site has a [full list of the Silk Road cities](#) , which [includes Guangzhou and Xi'an \( China \)](#) , [Isfahan \( Iran \)](#) , [Bukhara and Samarkand \( Uzbekistan \)](#) , [Jeddah \( Saudi Arabia\)](#) , [Baku\(Azerbaijan\)](#) , [Almaty \( Kazakhstan \)](#) , and [Venice \(Italy\)](#) , these emerging cities show today how the silk road an ancient world of adventure built ancient China and the regions beyond through the trade of desired goods in both directions. Marco Polo possibly was the first to describe the silk road an ancient world of adventure to his scribe sitting imprisoned in [Genoa](#) revealed much about the Silk road route and its importance to both East and the West. But the [Roman empire centuries before showed how silk exceeded the price of gold and was the must have fabric for both sexes](#), until it was outlawed for men to wear Chinese silk.

This guided tour will take you to the Silk Road cities and important stops in Kazakhstan(to reach the Silk Road border post of Naryn),Kyrgyzstan, [Uzbekistan](#) and Turkmenistan give deeper knowledge of the Silk Road's incredible legacy. The [history of it is amazing](#), as are [the explorers and archeologists of the Silk Road](#) who in the 19th century had the opportunity to explore and uncover the legacy of silk road travel over the centuries on a unique section of the road in central asia.

Odyssey Traveller's Silk Road tours from Australia, USA and Britain explores how diverse cultures from both east and west, north and south, have shaped this region for over 2,000 years. We will be accompanied throughout the tour by an Odyssey Program Leader. In [Uzbekistan](#), there will be English-speaking national guides throughout. Local guides will also be present along the way to assist in the interpretation and presentation of information. This tour is designed for the active senior traveller keen on learning more about history, viewing incredible scenery, and embarking on a unique adventure. To prepare you for this tour we have prepared a [reading of list books on the Silk road](#) to read before you join the tour in Almaty.





## Itinerary for Central Asia Silk Road Tour Itinerary

This tour commences in Almaty, Kazakhstan. The group then heads east to Kegen, where shortly after the group crosses the border and head across to Naryn where we pick up the central line of the Silk road. We continue our journey to Uzbekistan, where we stay in the fascinating Silk Road cities on the trade route of Bukhara through to Khiva, Nukus and then onto Turkmenistan. In Turkmenistan the group stops and explores what where ancient cities such as Urgench, now Konye-Urgench with is UNESCO world heritage buildings. Travels to the capital Ashgabat before going North to Mary and Turkmenabat and up to Bakhara, Samarkand. Our final stop on this version of the Silk road tours is Tashkent, capital of Uzbekistan, where the tour concludes its journey for this small group ion the ancient trading route.

You can learn more about Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan with our country profiles. For more details about this Silk Road Tour, click the 'Top 5' or 'Itinerary' buttons above! If you're keen to experience this tour, please call or send an email. Or, to book, simply fill in the form on the righthand side of this page.

## Highlights

1. Learn about the the trade and the history of the explorers of the region
2. Visit the Savistky Museum in Nukus and view the world's second largest collection of Russian avant garde art
3. Take in breathtaking views of the Tien Shan mountain range and Issyk Kul in Kyrgyzstan.
4. Explore Turkmenistan and the silk road history of Mary and Turkmenabat
5. Spend time in the fabled Silk Road cities of Bukhara and Samarkand, centres of religion, trade, and scholarship.



## Itinerary

### Day 1

**Locations:** Almaty

**Overview:**

**Almaty** is Kazakhstan's largest city and its main transport hub and centre of industry and education. It served as capital of the former Kazakh Soviet Socialist Republic (1929–91) and of independent Kazakhstan (1991–97) before the capital was moved to Nur-Sultan. Almaty means "Father of Apples" due to the abundance of apple trees in the region.

Almaty became one of the trade, craft and agricultural centres on the Silk Road and possessed an official mint around the 10th century.

Upon arrival in Almaty, we make our own way to our hotel. We will start our tour with an introductory meeting in the late afternoon, followed by a welcome dinner. (D)

**Accommodation:**

Almaty: TBA

### Day 2

**Locations:** Almaty

**Overview:**

After breakfast, we will meet with our local guide at the hotel lobby for the start of our city tour. Today we will visit the **Green Bazaar** where we could taste local cuisine and take part in (or simply watch) the cooking and preparation of national delicacies. We will visit monuments such as the **Park of 28 Panfilov Guardsmen**, named after General Ivan Panfilov who led 28 soldiers who stopped the offensive of Nazi German tanks in Moscow during World War II; **the Ascension Cathedral**, built by architect **Andrei Zenkov**, famous as a founder of earthquake-proof construction; and the **Kazakh Museum of Folk Musical Instruments** showcasing traditional musical instruments from Kazakh culture, as well



as instruments of Turkish, Uzbek, and Kyrgyz origins.

We will have lunch with a Kazakh family in order to sample authentic Kazakh cuisine and learn some of Kazakh traditions.

In the afternoon, we continue our sightseeing and visit the **Central Mosque** constructed in the Timurid style of architecture. We will watch a folk show at Gakku Restaurant, and continue on to **Republic Square**, the heart of Almaty, where the main festivities, events and demonstrations are held, and the **Central State Museum of Kazakhstan**, established in 1931, one of the oldest and largest museums of Central Asia.

We will head to the Sunkar Falconry Centre for **Golden Eagle Show** to see several species of eagles and other birds of prey and learn more about this bird sanctuary.

We will continue the tour with a visit to Kok-Tobe Hill ("Green Hill"), the highest point in the city, located at a height of 1100 meters above sea level. We will have dinner and enjoy an amazing view of Almaty city at sunset.

**Accommodation:**

Almaty: TBA

**Day 3**

**Locations:** Almaty

**Overview:**

We have a half day tour of the city. We explore the legacy of Soviet art in this city as well as other unique stories of the city. This afternoon is at your leisure.

**Accommodation:**

Almaty TBA





## Day 4

**Locations:** Kegen

**Overview:**

Today we depart for Kegen. Kegen is the stopping point for the day.

**Accommodation:**

Kegen; TBA

## Day 5

**Locations:** Karakol

**Overview:**

Today we cross the border into Kyrgyzstan and spend the morning heading to Karakol. This afternoon we visit the local museum

**Accommodation:**

Karakol; TBA

## Day 6

**Locations:** Karakol

**Overview:**

Today our guide shares we us the unusual history of the city from the ancient to the role of the soviets. This morning we stop to visit Prjevalsky Museum followed by lunch at a local café. We then visit the Russian Orthodox Church and the Dungan Mosque, built in a Buddhist pagoda style in wood without a single nail. Later we return to our hotel. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Karakol; Tba



## Day 7

**Locations:** Issyk Kul

### Overview:

Today we visit the Cholpan Ata Bazaar and view rock drawings dating from the 1st century BC to the 7th century AD. We will have an excursion to the Petroglyphs' Museum which contains a number of prehistoric monumental structures and petroglyphs dating from the 2nd millennium BC up to the Middle Ages up to the 6th century.

We break at Issyk Kul, a lake in the northern Tian Shan mountains and a significant resting point on the northern branch of the Silk Road. In the Kyrgyz language, its name means "warm lake" because it never freezes. It is the second largest saline lake after the Caspian Sea.

(B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Royal Beach Resort or similar

## Day 7

**Locations:** Naryn

### Overview:

This morning we drive to Naryn.

During this trip we will pass many fields full of wild horses and have fantastic views of the Tian Shan Mountains. En route to Naryn we will pause to view an old *caravanserai*. *Caravanserai* are roadside inns that dotted the Silk Road to provide a place for travellers to rest and recover. The name was derived from the Persian compound word *karvansaray* (combining *karvan* "caravan" with *saray* "palace"). These inns were built with a central open-air courtyard to protect Silk Road merchants and travellers against brutal weather conditions such as heavy snow and freezing temperatures.

On arrival in Naryn we will transfer to our hotel, and spend the remainder of the day at our leisure. Naryn is a small town yet untouched by mass tourism, and will offer solace as we rest after the long journey.



(B,L,D)

We arrive in Naryn in the afternoon.

**Accommodation:**

Khan-Tengri Guest House or similar

**Day 8**

**Locations:** Bishkek

**Overview:**

Today we have an early morning departure for Bishkek, the capital of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan, located 400 kilometres to the west of Issyk Kul. En route, we pause at Burana, the ruins of a 9th to 11th century caravan town from the period of the Turkic Karakhanid Dynasty. We will view the surviving Burana tower and the nearby archaeological museum. We arrive at Bishkek in time for a late lunch. After lunch, we have a short orientation regarding Bishkek, a modern city with vast squares, crowded bazaars, impressive administrative centres, and educational institutions. Bishkek was captured by the Russians in 1862. It became the administrative centre of the Kyrgyz autonomous province (later re-named the Kyrgyz Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic) in 1924, and like other former Soviet Union republics declared its independence in 1991 upon the dissolution of the USSR. As the major industrial centre of the republic, Bishkek's factories produce leather goods, agricultural machinery, and a variety of textiles. We will visit the History Museum and the Tsum (Soviet-period supermarket). Dinner will be at a local restaurant, accompanied by traditional music. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

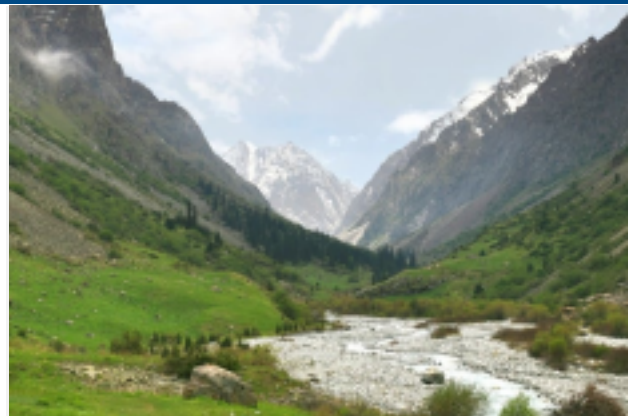
Park Hotel or similar

**Day 9**

**Locations:** Bishkek - Ala Archa - Bishkek - Tashkent

**Overview:**

After breakfast, we transfer to Ala-Archa Canyon, famous for its perpetual snow stretching for 200 kilometres. This unique alpine national park is one of the main attractions in Kyrgyzstan and is located





not far from Bishkek. The park, which includes the gorge of the Ala-Archa River and the mountains surrounding it, is famous for its beauty. It is also home to a number of rare plants and birds. “Ala-Archa” means “many-coloured juniper” after the trees found in abundance in the area. After a walk in Ala-Archa National Park, we return to Bishkek for lunch at a local cafe, before making our way to the airport for our evening flight to Tashkent, the capital of Uzbekistan. On arrival, we are transferred to our hotel. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

City Palace Hotel or similar

**Day 10**

**Locations:** Tashkent

**Overview:**

There is a morning walking tour around Tashkent. The afternoon is at your leisure.

We return to this city towards the end of the tour to explore in detail.

**Accommodation:**

Tashkent.

**Day 11**

**Locations:** Tashkent - Khiva

**Overview:**

We have a very early start today as we head back to the airport for a flight to Khiva. Khiva is on the Amu-Darya, the longest of the 2 rivers that run east to west across Central Asia, and so has a long history of agriculture in an otherwise arid environment. It was also a trading post and on a minor branch of the Silk Road trading route.

We arrive in Khiva around lunch time. After a break our local guide takes on a tour of what commentators call ‘open air museum’ consisting of the *Dichan Kala* outer town and the *Ichan Kala* inner town. The town is protected by a 2.2 km-long sloping brick wall, the foundations of which



were laid in the 10th century.

Following Tamerlane's (Timur) plundering and destructive campaigns of the late 1300s, Khiva became capital of Korozem khanate. Its inner city is packed with many religious buildings and buildings from past rulers. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Khiva Hotel or similar

**Day 12**

**Locations:** Khiva

**Overview:**

We spend the day exploring this amazing city. We visit Kalta Minor Minaret, the Kunya ark fortress with administrative buildings, gunpowder works, law courts, mosque, the Pakhlavan Makhmud complex, the most remarkable architecture memorial complex in Khiva with unique tiles, and Ak-Sheikh Baba Observation platform. This morning we visit the Islam Khodja Complex, consisting of the city's smallest madrassah and tallest minaret, ringed with stripes of lustrous blue tiles. Visit the oldest architectural structure in Khiva, the 14th century Sheikh Said Allaiddin Mausoleum.

After lunch at a local restaurant we continue our sightseeing and visit Islam Khodja minaret, built in 1908 it is the highest building in Khiva. Djuma Mosque, cathedral mosque with a roof which lies on 212 wooden fretted columns and lastly we visit Tash Hovli Palace, the summer residence of Khiva Khans, built in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Khiva Hotel or similar

**Day 13**

**Locations:** Nukus

**Overview:**

Today we make the journey to Nukus. On arrival we'll be met and take a sightseeing tour of the city with a visit to the Savitsky Art Museum,



which houses the second most valuable collection of paintings by the Russian avant-garde artist Igor Savitsky. We'll also visit an Embroidery centre of Gulnara Egamberdieva and a local yurt making family.

**Accommodation:**

Nukus; TBA

**Day 14**

**Locations:** Nukus

**Overview:**

Walking tour of Nukus. This afternoon we drive to the Igor Savitsky Museum (Karalpak Museum). This remarkable museum, opened in 1966, is located in the most remote region of Uzbekistan and houses an enormous collection, including antiquities from Khorezm traditional Karakalpak folk art, Uzbek fine art and, uniquely, the largest collection of Russian avant-garde art in the world after the Russian Museum in St Petersburg.

Free time to further explore the Savitsky Museum at your own pace.

**Accommodation:**

Nukus; TBA

**Day 15**

**Locations:** Konye-Urgench

**Overview:**

Today the group travels into Turkmenistan.

**Accommodation:**

Konye-Urgench; TBA



## Day 16

**Locations:** Ashgabat

**Overview:**

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**Accommodation:**

Ashgabat; TBA

## Day 17

**Locations:** Ashgabat

**Overview:**

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## Day 18

**Locations:** Ashgabat

**Overview:**

Today is at your leisure.

## Day 19

**Locations:** Mary

**Overview:**

We travel to Mary and explore the region including the ancient historic city of Merv.

Evidence indicates Merv was once the world's largest city. Located in Turkmenistan at the crossroads of trade routes, it rose up out of a green oasis, offering a welcome respite from its vast desert surrounds.

Historians believe Merv was inhabited from the sixth century BC, but there are traces of life here from as far back as the 3rd millennium BC. In Merv, the Murghab River filtered across a network of canals, and the land is thought to have been fertile and green with trees. Merv was a major stop on the Silk Road, the region boasting production of high quality cotton favoured by textile dealers. Once a metropolis, its bare

bones yield clues into the extent of the city's cultural and religious significance.

Merv is a UNESCO world heritage site.

## Day 20

**Locations:** Mary

**Overview:**

We continue with our local guide to explore Mary and the ancient city of Merv.

## Day 21

**Locations:** Turkmenabat

**Overview:**

Today the group travels north to Turkmenbat.

## Day 22

**Locations:** Turkmenabat

**Overview:**

Our local guide has a full day exploring the ancient path of the silk trade routes of the region.

**Accommodation:**

Turkmenabat;TBA

## Day 23

**Locations:** Bukhara

**Overview:**

Today the group travels across the border to Uzbekistan. We are based in Bukhara for the next few days. This morning, we travel by coach to Bukhara, an ancient city and prominent stop on the Silk Road. In addition to being a trade stop, Bukhara also served as a major centre of Islamic theology, scholarship, and culture. UNESCO has listed the city's

historic centre, home to numerous mosques and *madrassas* (educational institutions), as a World Heritage Site.

## Day 24

**Locations:** Bukhara; TBA

### Overview:

A second day in this world heritage city exploring its rich and vibrant history. We start our sightseeing with the Ark of Bukhara, a fortress built in the 5th century, followed by the Ismoil Somoni Mausoleum. We pause for lunch at a local restaurant and continue our sightseeing afterwards. We will visit the Poikalon complex, which consists of three structures: Minorai Kalin, Masjidi Kalon and Miri Arab Madrassah. Next, we explore the Labi Havz, which translates as “ensemble near the pool”. There are three monumental structures here, too: the Kukeldash Madrassah, Nadir Devanbegi Madrassah and Nadir Devanbagi Khanaka, all of which date from the 16th century. Finally, we pay a visit to the Maggoki Attari Mosque, before retiring for dinner and an Uzbek dance show. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Bukhara; TBA

## Day 25

**Locations:** Bukhara

### Overview:

Today is at your leisure.

### Accommodation:

Bukhara; TBA

## Day 26

**Locations:** Bukhara - Giduvan - Samarkand

### Overview:

Today we travel by coach to Samarkand, which like Bukhara was a great Silk Road city and a centre for Islamic scholarship. The city centre



is on the World Heritage List. En route we will visit Sitora-i-Mokhikhosa, the Summer Palace of the Former Emir of Bukhara. En route we stop to at the small town of Gijduvan to see the traditional pottery works of Alisher. Lunch will be with Alisher's family. We arrive at our hotel in Samarkand in the early evening for dinner. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

**Day 27**

**Locations:** Samarkand

**Overview:**

We have a morning tour including a visit to Ulugbek's Observatory, Afrosiab Museum and archaeological sites and Shahi Zinda Necropolis, a series of intricately designed tombs continually constructed over many centuries. After lunch at a local restaurant we continue our sightseeing with Registan Square to see the three beautiful madrasas, Shirdor, Ulugbek, and Tilla Kari followed by a visit to Gur Emir Mausoleum. Dinner will be at a local Uzbek family home. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

**Day 28**

**Locations:** Samarkand - Shakre Sabz - Samarkand

**Overview:**

Today we will go on an excursion to Shakre Sabz, the birthplace of the Turkic conqueror Tamerlane (Timur). Of Mongol ancestry and known in history as a brutal warrior, Tamerlane established a vast empire in the 14th century, which included Turkistan, Afghanistan, Persia, Syria, southern Russia, and India. Under his reign, Samarkand became a beautiful city as Tamerlane was an eager patron of art and scholarship. His empire did not survive after his death in 1405. We will see the ruins of Tamerlane's summer residence, the Ak Saray Palace; Dorus Tilavat Seminary, Kok Gumbaz Mosque and Dorus Saidat. Lunch will be at a local restaurant and later in the afternoon we return to Samarkand

(approx. 3hrs drive). Dinner will be at the hotel. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

**Day 29**

**Locations:** Samarkand – Tashkent

**Overview:**

We have a free morning in Samarkand for personal sightseeing or resting. We check-out of the hotel at noon and have lunch at a local restaurant. We'll enjoy a little more sightseeing including visit to the Bibi Khanum Mosque and Siab Bazaar. In the late afternoon we are transferred to the trains station and catch the high-speed train to Tashkent. On arrival in Tashkent we will be transferred to our hotel. We will have dinner in a local restaurant. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

City Palace Hotel or similar

**Day 30**

**Locations:** Tashkent

**Overview:**

After having our fill of Samarkand, we will now turn our attention to the capital of Uzbekistan, Tashkent. This city boasts of more than 2,000 years of written history. In 1219, Tashkent was destroyed by Genghis Khan, but was rebuilt and became prosperous from profits brought by the Silk Road. Its name is derived from the Persian word for "city" (*chach*). After the 16th century, the name evolved from Chashkand to Tashkand. The modern spelling "Tashkent" reflects 20th-century Soviet influence. Developments in the city after the 1991 dissolution of the Soviet Union sought to replace icons from the Soviet era, such as the statue of Lenin now replaced with a structure of a globe, called the Monument of Independence of Uzbekistan. This morning we will visit Hast Imam complex, Barak Khana, and the Tila Shaikh Mosque and archives. Later we proceed to Chorsu Bazaar, Kukeldesh Madrassah and the History Museum and a ride on the Tashkent Metro, its stations

are among the most ornate in the world. Lunch will be at a local restaurant. In the afternoon we will be taken to the Navoi Theatre and shall see the day's performance, pending their schedule. Tonight we will be treated to a farewell dinner at a local restaurant. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

City Palace Hotel or similar

**Day 31**

**Locations:** Tashkent

**Overview:**

Our tour concludes after breakfast, however we may offer optional activities if the group flight is scheduled for an evening departure, such as a visit to the Fine Arts Museum, Amir Timur Museum and Park during the afternoon. Note: A transfer to the airport is included if all participants are departing at the same time (flight details will be advised approximately 60 days prior to start date of the tour) (B)

## Inclusions / Exclusions

**What's included in our Tour**

- 31 nights of hotel accommodation.
- 31 breakfasts, 23 lunches, and 26 dinners.
- Internal flight sectors are included as per itinerary, economy class.
- Touring in best available air-conditioned coaches.
- All transfers and portorage (1 bag per person) while on tour (day 2 to Day 18) except in local airports where portorage is usually not available.
- Comprehensive sightseeing tours with English speaking guides, including all entrances fees throughout.
- Tipping and gratuities.



- Services of a Tour Leader.

#### **What's not included in our Tour**

- International airfares and departure taxes.
- Comprehensive international travel insurance.
- Visa fees, where required.
- Meals on the trains.
- Arrival and departure transfers (start/end) of tour.
- Items of a personal nature eg. Drinks, telephone calls, laundry.

#### **Level 3 - Moderate to Challenging**

Participants must be in excellent health, extremely mobile and live an active lifestyle. Program activities may include up to 6 hours of continuous strenuous, moderate to fast paced activity per day over varied terrain.

Please do not hesitate to contact us with any requests for further information about this tour or any others offered by Odyssey Travel.